Partnering to Tackle Health Disparities

June 13,2023





Key Topics

- Overview of the OHE
- Health Equity Findings
- Health Equity Implications



Provide leadership to promote public <u>awareness</u> of health disparities, advocate for programs to eliminate health disparities, and collaborate with stakeholders to achieve measurable and sustainable improvement in health status of underrepresented populations.





HEALTH EQUITY REPORT

The State of Health Equity in Pennsylvania

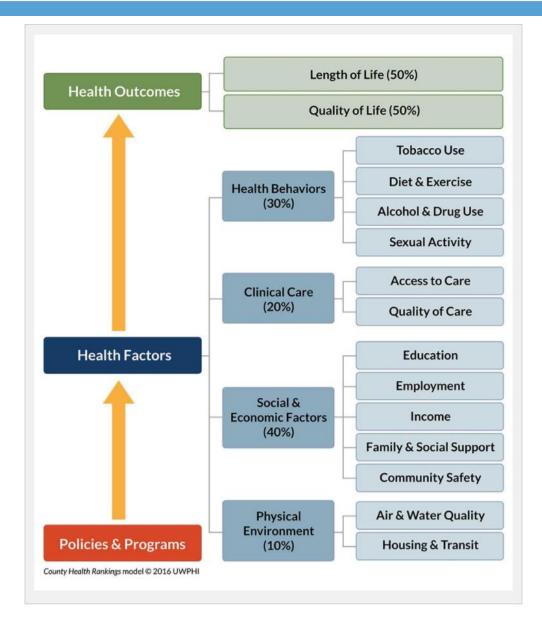
Health Disparities

- ~1.7 million Pennsylvanians, or 14% experienced food insecurity in 2015
- Blacks/African Americans and Hispanics/Latinos made about \$15,000 to \$18,000, respectively, less than whites in 2016
- Rural Pennsylvanians have limited access to health care
 - Transportation to get to a doctor who may be 20-30 miles away

- 2012-2016-Blacks/African Americans had a death rate from heart disease nearly 21% higher than white Pennsylvanians
- 2 in 5 LGBTQ teens experience bullying vs. 1 in 5 heterosexual teens
- The black/African American community accounts for a disproportionate number of homicides and suicides in Pennsylvania.



Factors that Impact Health





SHIP 2023-2028

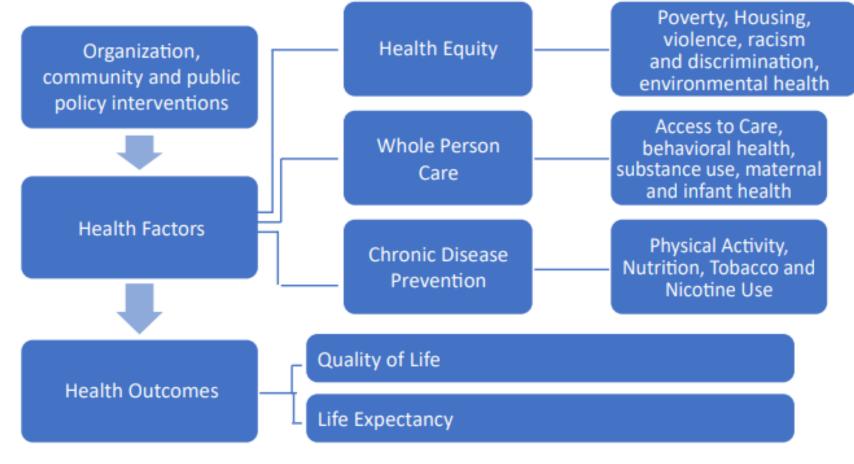


FIGURE 2. SHIP FRAMEWORK



Social Determinants of Health

- Definition
 - The factors that affect where people live, learn, work and play.
- Social determinants of health include:
 - Socioeconomic status;
 - Education;
 - Racism and discrimination;
 - Food security and nutrition;
 - Housing;
 - Built environment;
 - Access to health care;
 - Environmental hazards; and
 - Safety.



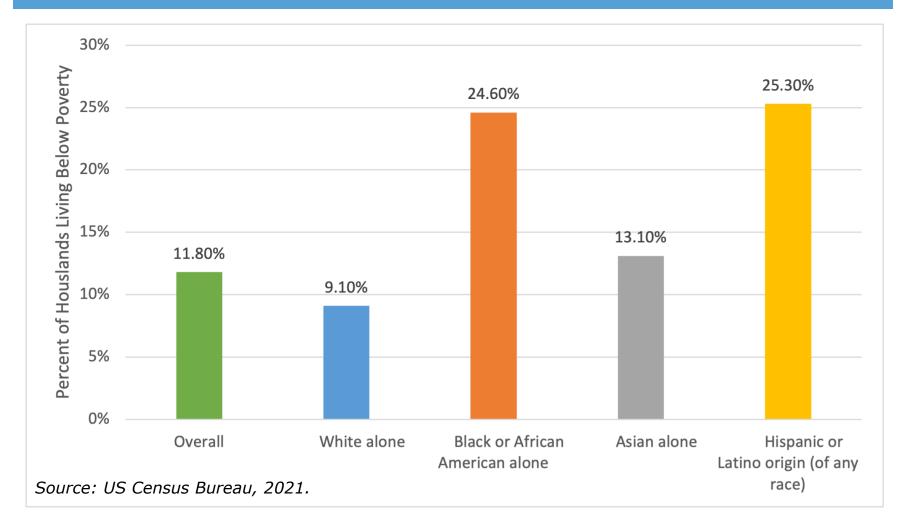
Nationally and throughout Pennsylvania, racism and discrimination has perpetually contributed to income disparities for people of color and between genders.

Racism and discrimination lead to the creation of systematic policies

- Federal housing policies--redlining
- Individual practices

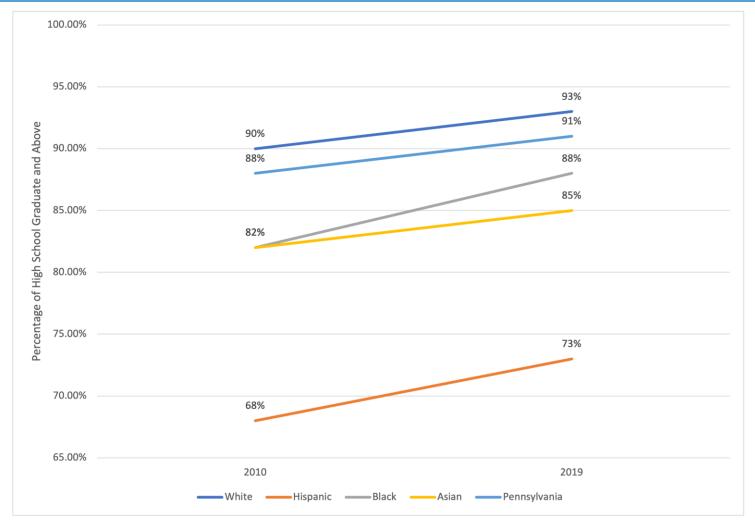


Socioeconomic Status





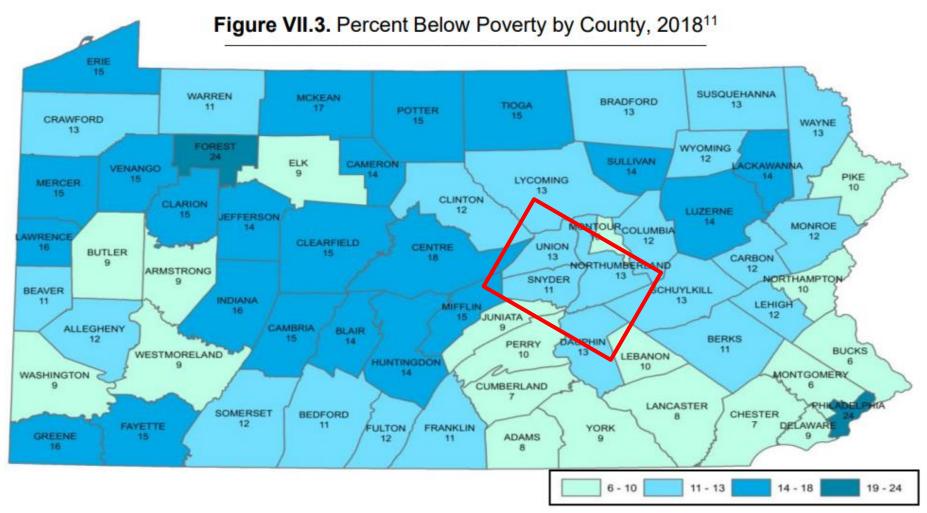
Education



Source: Pennsylvania Department of Education, 2010-2019.

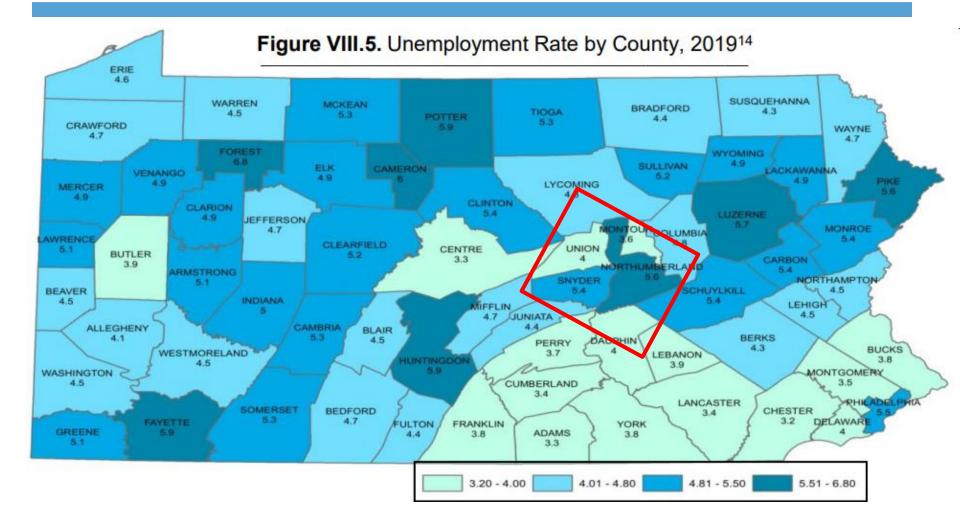


Poverty





Unemployment



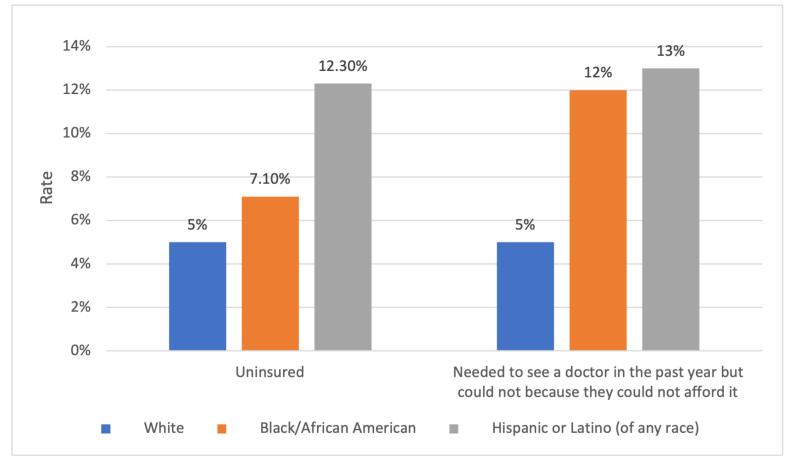


In rural Pennsylvania, geographical isolation contributes to disparities in health outcomes.

- Low primary care physician and healthcare provider numbers
- Dental care is sparse



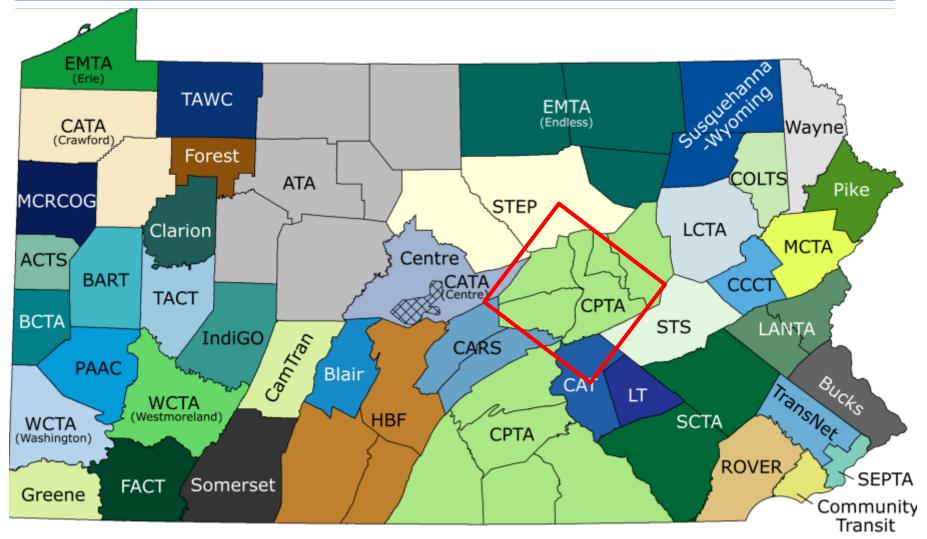
Access to Quality Health Care



Source: 2021 Pennsylvania Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey.



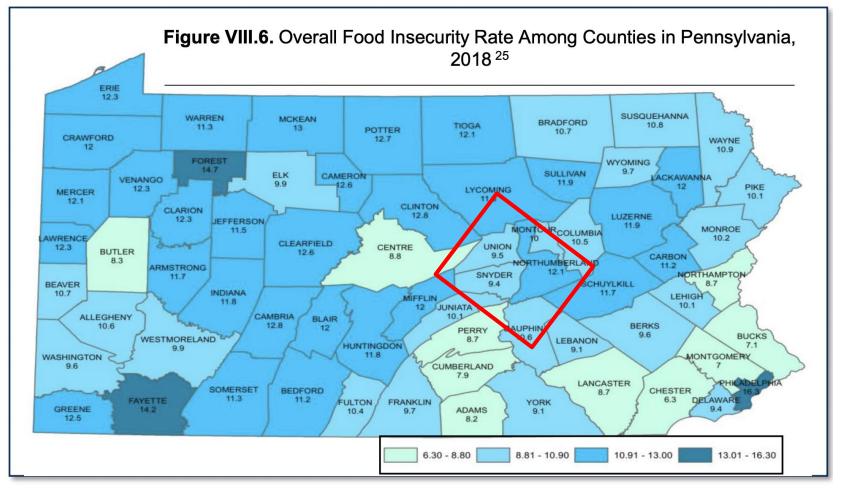
Transportation



<u>Transit Map (penndot.gov)</u> 30027 2021 Agency Profile (dot.gov)



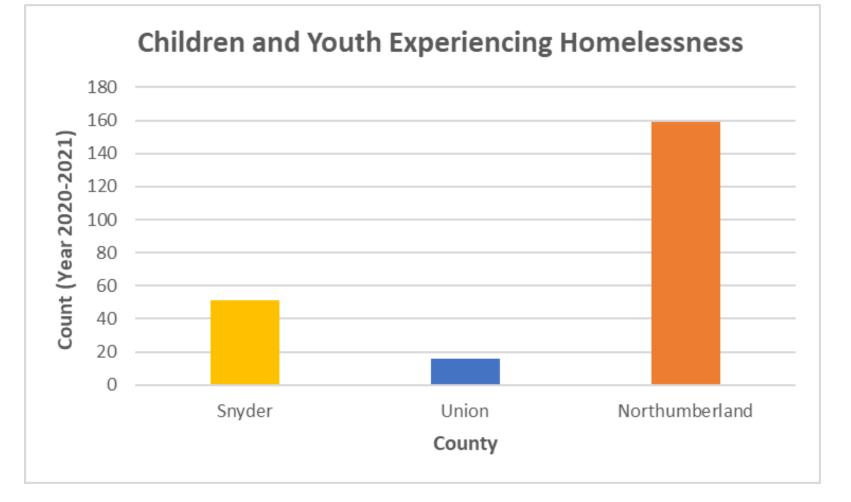
Access to Food and Nutrition



Source: Pennsylvania Department of Education, 2018.

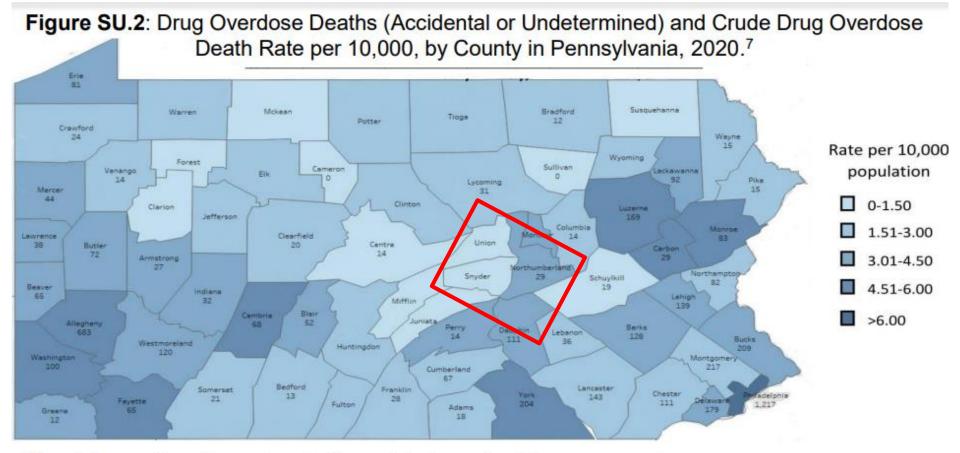


Housing





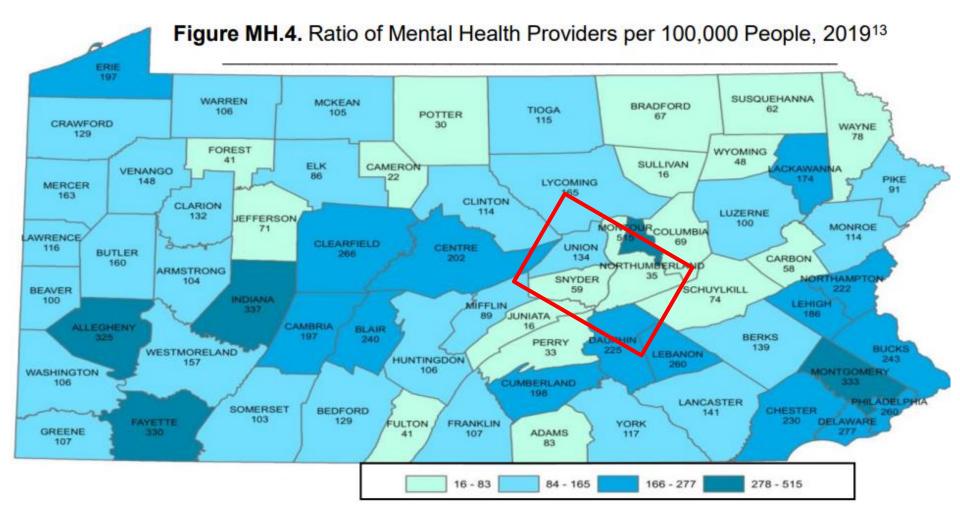
Substance Use



*Counts for counties with overdose death counts between 1 and 9 are suppressed



Mental Health





Breakouts





Prompt 1

• What types of organizations should you be collaborating with to reduce SDOH in your catchment area?





 How can you incorporate the topics of SDOH as you train your staff and students?



Prompt 3

• What solutions can you contribute towards reducing a barrier for a social determinant of health?



Feedback





"We need participation and cross collaboration among all sectors and their professionals, the skill and breadth of the willing, and the advocacy of the determined". Daniel Dawes

Executive Director, Institute of Global Health Equity



Questions/Comments?

Contact Information:

Aubrey Juris Office of Health Equity c-aujuris@pa.gov

